

Year 4

The children will explore a broad range of maths work that covers the main areas of 'Number', 'Measurement', 'Geometry' and 'Statistics'.

Number and Place Value

- ✧ count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000
- ✧ find 1000 more or less than a given number
- ✧ count backwards through zero to include negative numbers
- ✧ recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones)
- ✧ order and compare numbers beyond 1000
- ✧ identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations
- ✧ round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000
- ✧ solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers
- ✧ read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value.

Addition and Subtraction

- ✧ add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate
- ✧ estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation
- ✧ solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.

Multiplication and Division

- ✧ recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12×12
- ✧ use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers
- ✧ recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations
- ✧ multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout
- ✧ solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects.

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- ✧ recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions

- ✧ count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten.
- ✧ solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number
- ✧ add and subtract fractions with the same denominator
- ✧ recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths
- ✧ recognise and write decimal equivalents to $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$
- ✧ find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths
- ✧ round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number
- ✧ compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places
- ✧ solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places.

Measurement

- ✧ Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute]
- ✧ measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres
- ✧ find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares
- ✧ estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence
- ✧ read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks
- ✧ solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days.

Geometry - properties of space

- ✧ compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes
- ✧ identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size
- ✧ identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations
- ✧ complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry.

Geometry - position and direction

- ✧ describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant
- ✧ describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down
- ✧ plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon.

Statistics

- ❖ interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs.
- ❖ solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.